

RileyRover Basics

Group Name_____

Group Members_____

Project: The Intergalactic Space Agency is in the market for a new planetary rover to explore the recently discover planet Tobor-3. You are required to construct and test a robot that is capable of following a set of commands to explore the planet's surface. Before the robot is deployed, it must be extensively tested to ensure it will perform as expected. You can't fly a technician to Tobor-3 to reboot the robot!

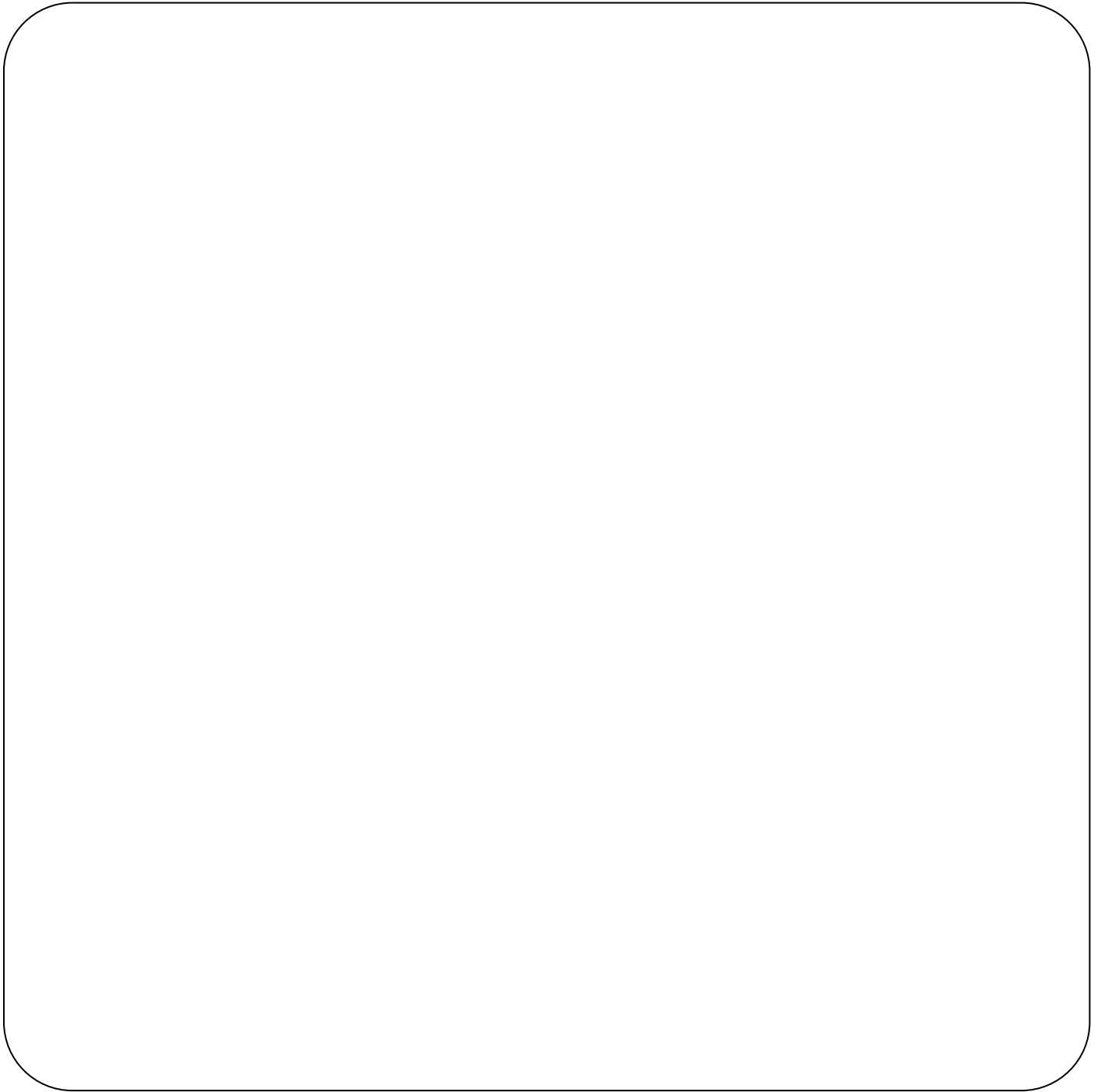
Before we send our robot into space, we must first test it thoroughly here on earth. Run the following experiments and observe how your robot behaves. Do not move to the next experiment until your teacher has seen your current experiment.

Calibration Challenges

- Drive Forward for 200mm
- Drive Backward for 200mm
- Calibrate your robot for a perfect 360 degree turn
- Drive forward 500mm (20 inches), turn around 180 degrees and drive back to the start.

Make your robot drive in a 'figure of 8'

(hint: draw a diagram first in the space below before you start programming. Don't forget to mark your starting point!)



What is a Robot?

When you hear the word 'robot' some famous movie robots spring to mind. Robots in real life however are not yet up to the standard of their movie counterparts.

Robots are becoming more prevalent in today's society. They are used in high level applications such as space exploration right through to commercial vacuuming robots found in everyday households. You are required to do a research assignment on robotics in general and to focus on one robot in particular.

Robots come in many different shapes and sizes and are often tailored to meet a particular need or action.

Assessment

Create a report on robotics. Your teacher will tell you the format of the report. The following questions will need to be addressed in your work.

- What is a robot?
- Why do we have robots?
- Name some different types of robots?
- What are the main components of a robot?
- Where did the term 'Robot' come from?

Pick one robot and elaborate on it. You must have your robot choice approved by your teacher before you start your research. You will need to include the following information in your report:

Sensors - What information does it take in? (e.g. Sound, distance etc)

Software - What does it do? (e.g. Vacuum floors, explore space)

Mechanical - What materials is it made out of? How does it move? (e.g. motors, arms and metal frames)

Robot Chosen _____

Due Date _____

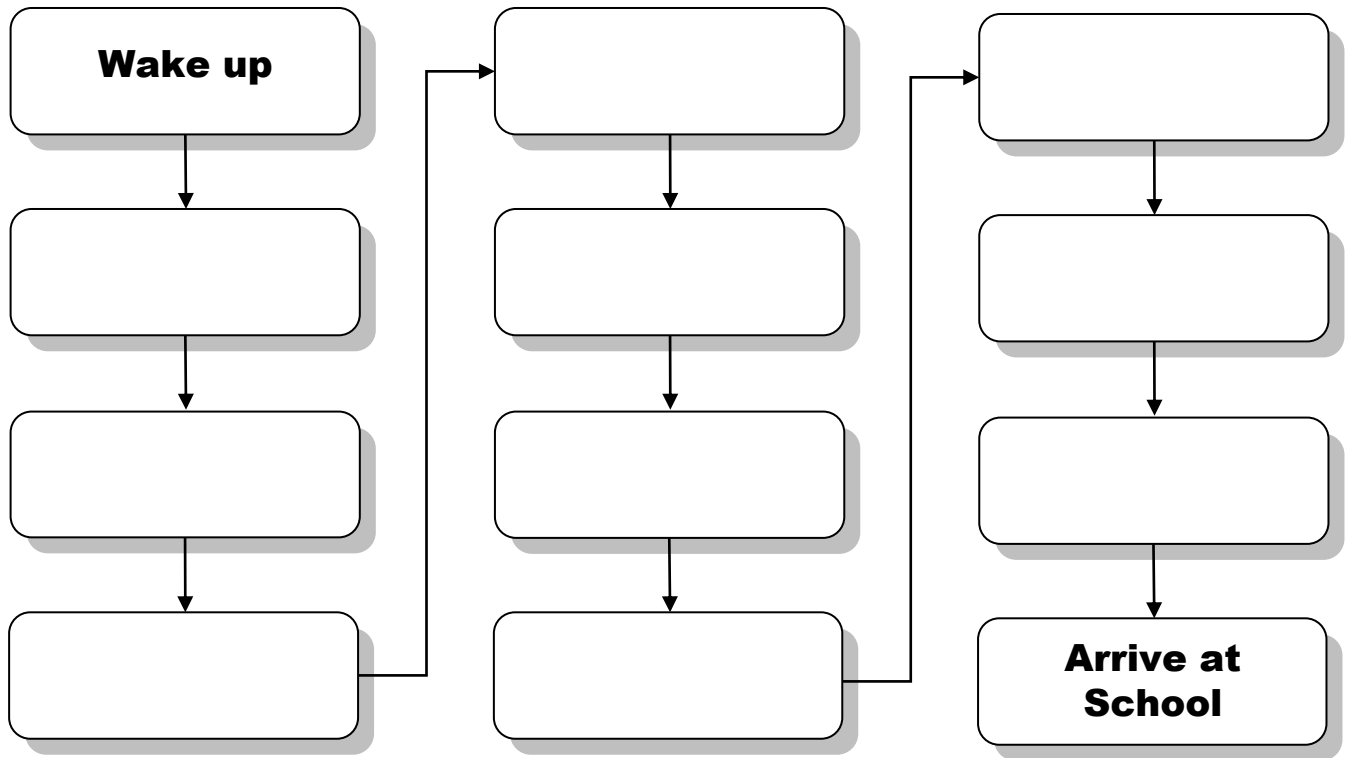
Presentation Type _____

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Flowcharting

All robots need to have programs to make them run. The easiest way to start a program is to first have a plan. This plan consists of a flowchart of small steps that make up the entire program. Each step is simple enough that the robot can perform it without too much effort.

Task: Using the blank flowchart below, plan out your daily morning routine, from when you wake up until you get to school.



How Many Sides?

Group Name _____

Group Members _____

Overview: Once on Tobor-3, your robot will be required to identify interesting aspects for later analysis. Your robot will be required to mark off an area such that a passing satellite can easily identify the item in question. Initially you will be required to draw a square, but will then move onto other shapes and designs.

Build a drawing attachment and fix it to your robot and program your robot drive in a square.

- How many sides does a square have?
- How many angles?
- How many degrees in each angle?
- Could you use the FOR structure to make the program simpler?

Fill in the following table for other common shape

Shape	Number of sides	Internal angle	External angle	Turn Angle required by the robot
Octagon				
Hexagon				
Triangle				

What was the most difficult part of this challenge?

How did you go about solving it?

Help! I'm Stuck

Group Name _____

Group Members _____

Overview: Whilst on Tobor-3, your robot will undoubtedly come up against obstacles in its path. The Intergalactic Space Agency is worried about a particular cliff wall that is blocking the robots progress. They have asked that you demonstrate your robot's ability to detect such obstacles and navigate away from them. It is important that your robot does not physically touch these obstacles as we do not wish to damage the robot. Connect the Ultrasonic Sensor attachment to the front of the robot and ensure the cable is connected.

There are several progressive steps we would like to make in order to solve this problem. Each program should be done individually and demonstrated to a teacher before moving on.

We would like our robot to drive forward until it encounters an obstacle.

- Drive until object is detected, then stop.
- Turn around when you detect the object.
- Repeat this action until you find your way around the obstacle.

What was the most difficult part of this challenge?

How did you go about solving it?

Let's go Prospecting

Group Name _____

Group Members _____

Project: The Intergalactic Space Agency are very impressed with your robot's ability to navigate the surface. They are hoping that you can use a sensor on your robot to help them detect some mineral deposits of EV-irium they believe are on the surface. These minerals are easy to spot due to their bright green appearance. Your task is to navigate a geological section, locate the mineral, stop and announce that a mineral has been found.

Build the colour sensor attachment for your robot.

The EV-irium is known to be green in colour, so your robot will need to utilise the 'Wait for Colour' block to help detect it.

There are several progressive steps we would like to make in order to solve this problem. Each program should be done individually and demonstrated to your teacher before moving on.

- Drive until green is detected then stop.
- Shout 'Green' when you reach the EV-irium.
- Drive off the green and go looking for more EV-irium.

What was the most difficult part of this challenge?

How did you go about solving it?

Stay away from the Edge

Group Name _____

Group Members _____

Project: Another challenge the robot faces is staying safe whilst navigating on top of a large plateau. Get too close and over you'll go! The Intergalactic Space Agency has asked that you prove your robot is capable of staying away from the edge of a cliff.

The Intergalactic Space Agency has discovered that the Colour Sensor attachment, as well as being excellent for detecting EV-irium, can also reliably give a reading of 'No-Colour' when it reaches the edge of the plateau. Modify your program so that the robot does not go over the edge.

There are several progressive steps we would like to make in order to solve this problem. Each program should be done individually and demonstrated to your teacher before moving on.

- Drive until the edge is detected then stop.
- Drive away from the edge and continue looking for the next edge.

What was the most difficult part of this challenge?

How did you go about solving it?

Prospecting and Staying Safe

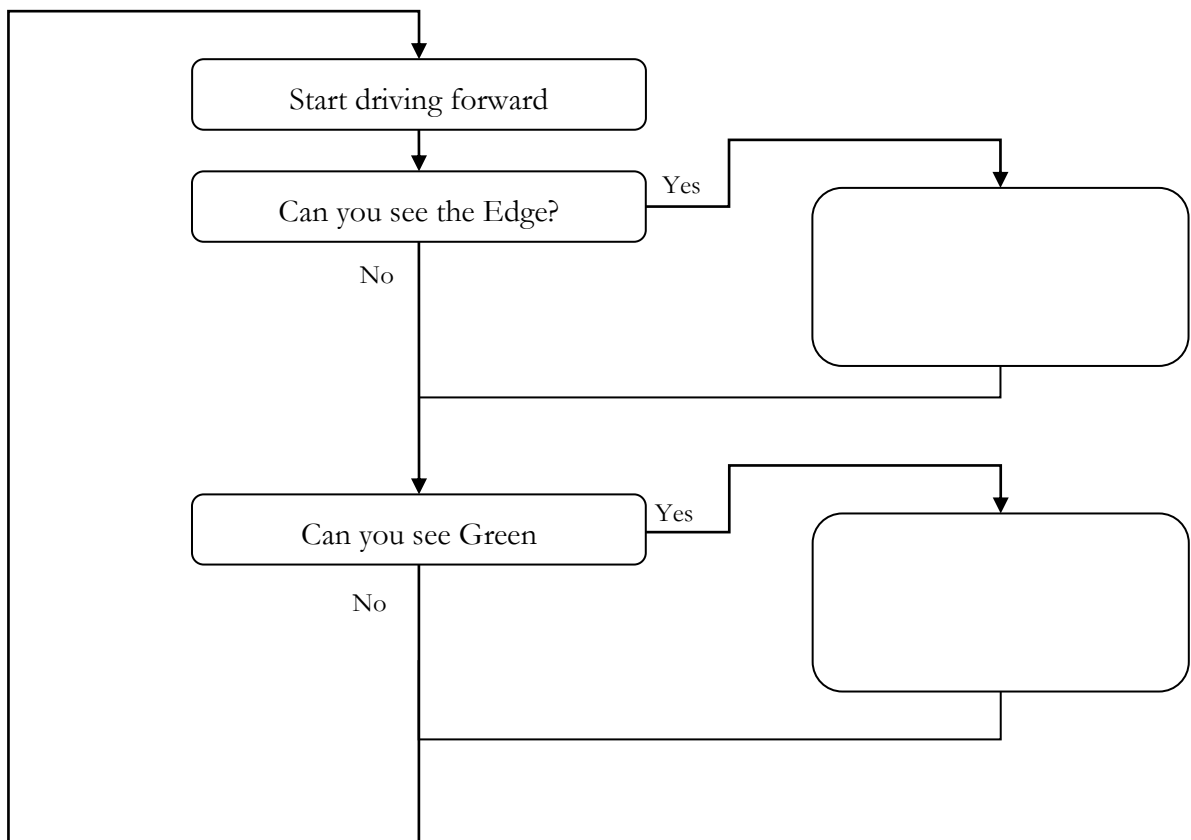
Group Name _____

Group Members _____

Project: The Intergalactic Space Agency are very impressed, but they note with your last program, while the robot is looking for the edge of the plateau, it is not doing any prospecting. Is there a way to do both at the same time?

As there is only one 'Wait' Block that can be used to determine colour, you will need to find a way for the robot to be able to determine which colour it has seen. This can be achieved with an IF structure.

Use this flow chart as a starting point, and fill in the blank spaces



Going Up and Going Down

Group Name _____

Group Members _____

Project: The Intergalactic Space Agency have discovered a good deposit of minerals in a valley far below. Your robot design can only safely descend and ascend slopes of 20 degrees, any more and there is a very real risk that the robot will topple over. Devise a program that will enable the robot to drive along a slope, but stop and reverse if it becomes too steep.

Use the Gyro Sensor attachment to detect when the robot has tilted beyond a certain angle and the appropriate *Wait* structure in your program.

There are several progressive steps we would like to make in order to solve this problem. Each program should be done individually and demonstrated to your teacher before moving on.

- Drive until the angle changes by more than 20 degrees and stop.
- Reverse away from the incline until the robot is back on level ground.

What was the most difficult part of this challenge?

How did you go about solving it?

Extra Challenge

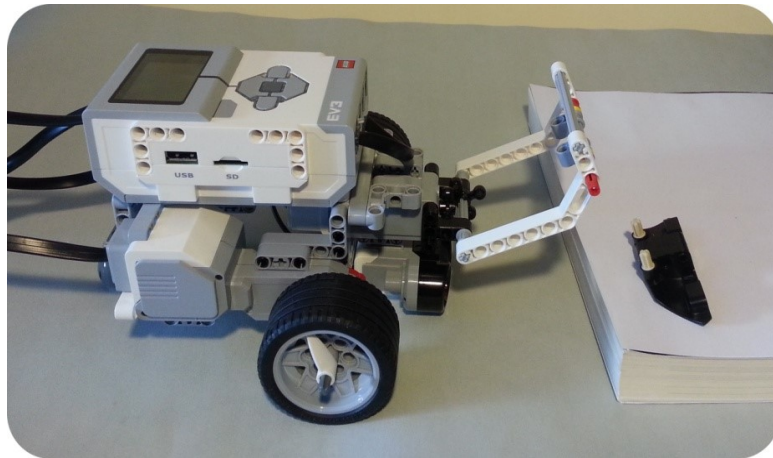
When your robot reaches a slope, have it slow down for safety reasons. Once it is back on level ground, have it return to normal speed.

Cargo Delivery

Group Name _____

Group Members _____

Project: Small Signal Repeaters are required to maintain constant communication back to Earth. These repeaters are best situated on slight plateaus to ensure clearance from other obstacles. Using the Medium Motor and the Cargo Delivery attachment, design a program to safely place these Signal Repeaters.



Build the Cargo Delivery Attachment from the instructions provided. Connect the Medium Motor to Port D of your EV3 brick. The Cargo Deliver arm can be raised and lowered by instructing the D motor to rotate approximately 90 degrees.

Write a program that will instruct the robot to turn until it detects the small plateau using the Ultrasonic Sensor. Then have the robot drive towards the plateau, before depositing the Signal Repeater on top.

Prepare the Landing Zone

Group Name _____

Group Members _____

Project: The Intergalactic Space Agency has identified a good landing site for further spacecraft but unfortunately it still contains several large obstacles. Use your robot and an appropriate attachment to clear the area.

Similar to the previous challenge, the robot will be required to turn to find an obstacle. Once located have your robot drive up to the obstacle, take control of it with an attachment and move the obstacle to a new location.

This challenge is best approached as a series of programs. Ensure you have shown your teacher each intermediate program as you work towards the final solution.

- Turn until you see the obstacle and then stop.
- Turn to the obstacle and then drive up to the obstacle.
- Go to the obstacle and close the gripper sufficiently.
- Go to the obstacle, collect the obstacle and move it to a different location.



**Dangerous obstacle!
Must be moved!**

Extra Challenge

Multiple obstacles are present, and all need to be removed. The safest place for them to be deposited is the Dangerous Removal of Obstacle Position (DROP). It is located to the side of the Landing Zone and can be identified by the bright yellow floor covering (Hint: You'll need to build in the Colour Sensor somewhere!)

As seen on TV!

Overview: The Intergalactic Space Agency decided on using your design to fly to Tobor-3. As a result of the associated publicity, many other people want to buy their own version of the robot. Come up with a marketing promotion to sell your robot.

Your presentation may consist of one or more of the following media formats as notated by your teacher

- School Newspaper article
- Video commercial
- PowerPoint Presentation
- Poster presentation
- Website
- Oral Presentation

Be sure to include the following information in your presentation

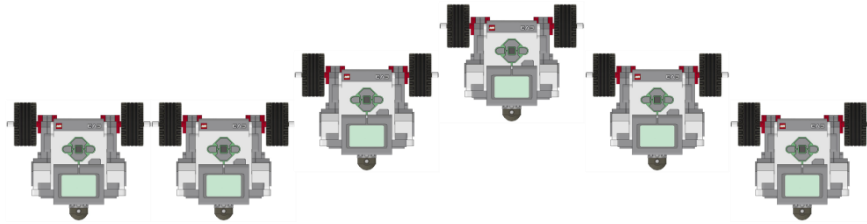
- How does it look?
- What can it do?
- How does it move?
- How does it sense its surrounding environment?
- What are the standard missions it can perform?

Look back over your previous activities to help you answer these questions.

Remember, you are now pitching your idea to everyday people, not The Intergalactic Space Agency scientists!

Additional Projects

Robot Wave: Synchronise a group of robots to perform the Wave, an audience move popular in sporting stadiums around the world. As a class, you will need to determine what order the robots will move and what action they will perform.



Robot Butler: Robots in the household are quickly becoming commonplace, with personal assistance robots widely regarded to become the most prevalent in the near future. Build a robot that can retrieve a drink for someone who is confined to bed.



Meet your Adoring Public: Program your robot to respond in a positive way when somebody gets close. Use **Movement**, **Sounds** and **Display** to convey a feeling of happiness.

